



The following Communications have been judged by at least two referees to be "very important papers" and will be published online at www.angewandte.org soon:

A. Asati, S. Santra, C. Kaittanis, S. Nath, J. M. Perez*
Oxidase Activity of Polymer-Coated Cerium Oxide Nanoparticles

L. Xu, C. E. Doubleday*, K. N. Houk*
Dynamics of 1,3-Dipolar Cycloadditions of Diazonium Betaines with Acetylene and Ethylene: Bending Vibrations Facilitate Reaction

P. Antoni, Y. Hed, A. Nordberg, D. Nyström, H. von Holst, A. Hult, M. Malkoch*

Bifunctional Dendrimers: From Robust Synthesis and Accelerated One-Pot Postfunctionalization Strategy to Potential Applications

M. S. Nikolic, C. Olsson, A. Salcher, A. Kornowski, A. Rank, R. Schubert, A. Frömsdorf, H. Weller, S. Förster*
Micelle and Vesicle Formation of Amphiphilic Nanoparticles

R. M. van der Veen, C. J. Milne, A. El Nahhas, F. A. Lima, V.-T. Pham, J. Best, J. A. Weinstein, C. N. Borca, R. Abela, C. Bressler, M. Chergui*

Structural Determination of a Photochemically Active Platinum Molecule by Time-Resolved EXAFS Spectroscopy

G. Seidel, R. Mynott, A. Fürstner*
Elementary Steps of Gold Catalysis: NMR Spectroscopy Reveals the Highly Cationic Character of a Gold Carbenoid

B. L. Merner, L. N. Dawe, G. J. Bodwell*
1,1,8,8-Tetramethyl[8](2,11)teropyrenophane: Half of an Aromatic Belt and a Segment of an (8,8) Single-walled Carbon Nanotube

G. E. Sigmon, D. K. Unruh, J. Ling, B. Weaver, M. Ward, L. Pressprich, A. Simonetti, P. C. Burns*
Symmetry Versus Minimal Pentagonal Adjacencies in Uranium-Based Polyoxometalate Fullerene Topologies

News



G. Férey



U. Bornscheuer



R. Zare

Inorganic Chemistry:
G. Férey _____ 1886

Awarded Biocatalysis:
Prize to U. Bornscheuer _____ 1886

Physical Chemistry:
R. Zare Honored _____ 1886

Author Profile



"My biggest motivation is facing a new challenge. My favorite subject at school was geography...!"
These facts and more information about Christian Serre can be found on page 1887.

Christian Serre _____ 1887

Books

Vanadium The Versatile Metal

Kenneth Kustin, João Costa Pessoa,
Debbie C. Crans

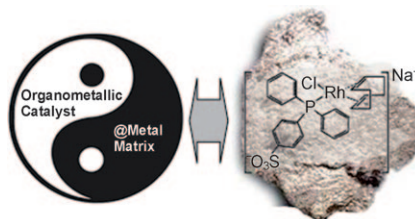
reviewed by R. K. O. Sigel _____ 1888

Highlights

Catalysis

A. Thomas,* M. Driess* — 1890 – 1892

Bridging the Materials Gap in Catalysis:
Entrapment of Molecular Catalysts in
Functional Supports and Beyond

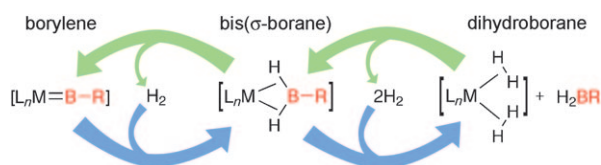


Rising sun of the materials world: Tremendous efforts are being made to combine the potential of molecular catalysts with that of functional supports. An approach towards unifying homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis is the entrapment of organometallic catalysts in a metal matrix, which leads to well-defined composites that are suitable as heterogeneous catalysts for hydrogenation of styrene and diphenylacetylene.

Borylene Complexes

H. Braunschweig,*
R. D. Dewhurst — 1893 – 1895

Reversible σ -Borane-to-Borylene
Transformation: A Little Something
For Everyone



A reaction with many facets: The facile dehydrogenative synthesis of a borylene complex (left in scheme) from a dihydroborane (right), proceeds reversibly at

room-temperature. The implications of this reaction for the fields of inorganic, main-group, and hydrogen-storage chemistry are covered in this Highlight.

Hydroboration

S. P. Thomas,
V. K. Aggarwal* — 1896 – 1898

Asymmetric Hydroboration of
1,1-Disubstituted Alkenes



A breakthrough in the asymmetric hydroboration of notoriously difficult 1,1-disubstituted alkenes using a new family of highly effective hydroboration reagents is

described (see scheme). The intermediate boranes can be oxidized to alcohols or used in Suzuki–Miyaura cross-coupling reactions.

For the USA and Canada:

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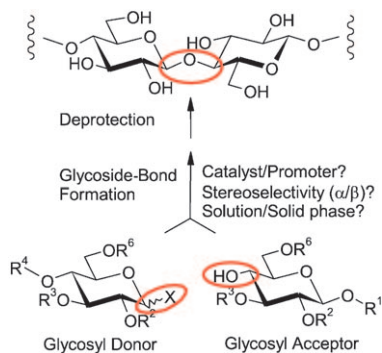
electronic / print or electronic delivery); for individuals who are personal members of a national chemical society prices are available on request. Postage and handling charges included. All prices are subject to local VAT/sales tax.

Reviews

Glycosidation

X. Zhu,* R. R. Schmidt* — 1900 – 1934

New Principles for Glycoside-Bond Formation



Meeting the demand for sugars: The importance of oligosaccharides and glycoconjugates in biological systems has stimulated a need to access significant amounts of these compounds. Much effort has been devoted to the stereoselective generation of the key glycosidic bond, both between carbohydrate residues (see scheme) and to the aglycone. Various methodologies are now available for the efficient synthesis of structurally defined complex oligosaccharides and glycoconjugates.

Communications

Glycosylation (1)

C. Piontek, P. Ring, O. Harjes, C. Heinlein, S. Mezzato, N. Lombana, C. Pöhner, M. Püttner, D. Varón Silva, A. Martin, F. X. Schmid, C. Unverzagt* — 1936 – 1940

Semisynthesis of a Homogeneous Glycoprotein Enzyme: Ribonuclease C: Part 1



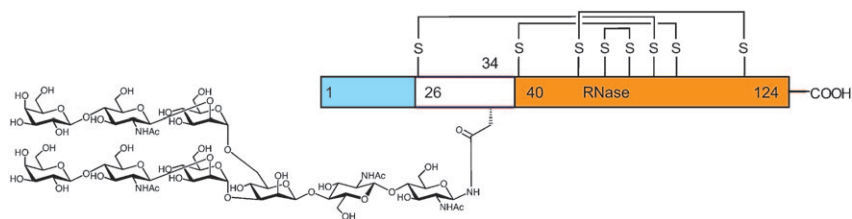
Seven in one blow: The efficient formation of mixed disulfides on the thiol-rich fusion protein **A** followed by subsequent intein cleavage gave the fragment **B** with all

seven cysteines protected against oxidation. The native chemical ligation of **B** with synthetic glycopeptide thioesters provides glycoproteins.

Glycosylation (2)

C. Piontek, D. Varón Silva, C. Heinlein, C. Pöhner, S. Mezzato, P. Ring, A. Martin, F. X. Schmid, C. Unverzagt* — 1941 – 1945

Semisynthesis of a Homogeneous Glycoprotein Enzyme: Ribonuclease C: Part 2

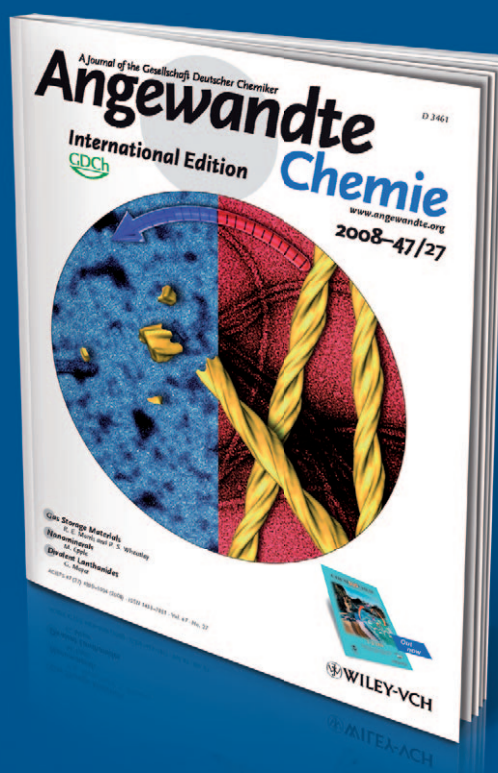


Active RNase glycoprotein from three pieces: The glycoprotein enzyme ribonuclease C, which contains a complex saccharide N-glycan, was synthesized by

sequential native chemical ligation. An optimized ligation and isolation protocol allowed the efficient assembly and refolding of the 124 amino acid enzyme.

Incredibly

++ALERT++ALERT++



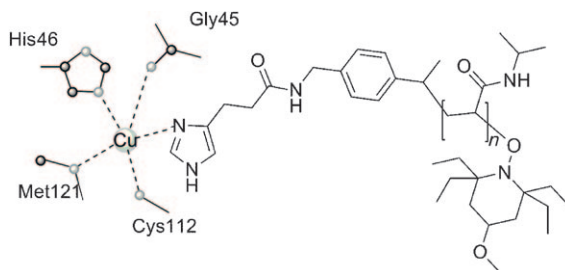
Angewandte Chemie International Edition keeps its readers up to date: **RSS feeds** act like Internet news tickers to notify them of brand-new articles, while **E-Alerts** send targeted news by e-mail of new issues or articles corresponding to pre-defined categories. In addition, the articles are available in “**Early View**” online several weeks before they appear in an issue – now even more user-friendly with the graphical/contents page characteristic of *Angewandte Chemie*.



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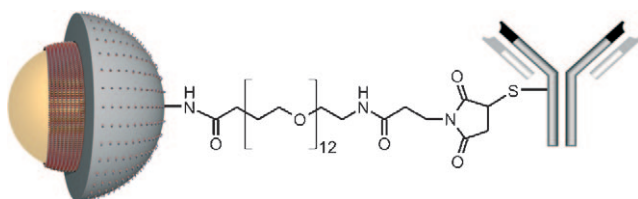
Searching for “intelligence”: Azurin–PNIPAM conjugates were prepared by site-directed mutagenesis followed by protein reconstitution by using imidazole-conjugated poly(*N*-isopropylacrylamides). The polymer-bound imidazole acts as a

ligand in the active site of the blue copper protein azurin. The bioconjugates showed thermosensitive behavior in electron-transfer processes with reduced cytochrome *c*.

Protein–Polymer Hybrids

N. Rosenberger, A. Studer,* N. Takatani, H. Nakajima, Y. Watanabe* **1946–1949**

Azurin–Poly(*N*-isopropylacrylamide) Conjugates by Site-Directed Mutagenesis and their Thermosensitive Behavior in Electron-Transfer Processes



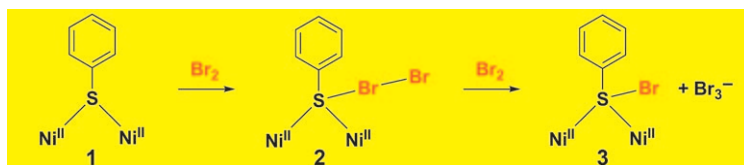
In a glass house: Silica-encapsulated self-assembled monolayers (SAMs) on tunable gold/silver nanoshells were used as labels for surface-enhanced Raman scattering (SERS). This concept combines the spectroscopic advantages arising from

maximum surface coverage and uniform molecular orientation of the Raman reporter molecules within the complete monolayer together with the high chemical and mechanical stability of the glass shell.

Bioanalytical Methods

B. Küstner, M. Gellner, M. Schütz, F. Schöppler, A. Marx, P. Ströbel, P. Adam, C. Schmuck, S. Schlücker* **1950–1953**

SERS Labels for Red Laser Excitation: Silica-Encapsulated SAMs on Tunable Gold/Silver Nanoshells



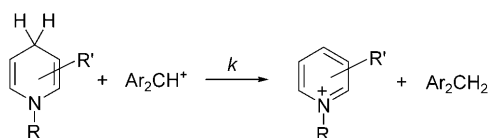
Stuck on sulfur: The first transition-metal complexes with S–Br units are surprisingly stable. Solid **3** is stable for at least six months and under vacuum solid **2** does not lose Br₂. The formation of the first

structurally characterized transition-metal arenesulfonyl bromide complex **3** occurs with a change of the spin ground state from *S* = 2 to *S* = 0.

Charge-Transfer Complexes

G. Steinfeld, V. Lozan, H.-J. Krüger, B. Kersting* **1954–1957**

Trapping of a Thiolate→Dibromine Charge-Transfer Adduct by a Macrocyclic Dinickel Complex and Its Conversion into an Arenesulfonyl Bromide Derivative



How are dihydropyridines like indoles? Both groups of compounds have similar nucleophilicity parameters *N* and are therefore suitable substrates for iminium-catalyzed reactions of α,β -unsaturated

aldehydes. The *N* parameters of 1,4-dihydropyridines were derived from the rates of hydride transfer reactions to benzhydrylium ions (see scheme).

Organocatalysis

D. Richter, H. Mayr* **1958–1961**

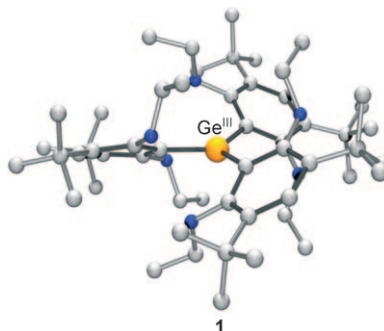
Hydride-Donor Abilities of 1,4-Dihydropyridines: A Comparison with π Nucleophiles and Borohydride Anions



Stable Germanium Radicals

C. Drost,* J. Griebel, R. Kirmse,
P. Lönnecke, J. Reinhold — 1962 – 1965

A Stable and Crystalline Triarylgermyl
Radical: Structure and EPR Spectra



A radical thing: After being obtained unexpectedly in low yields, the synthesis of the first stable triarylgermyl radical $\cdot\text{Ge}[\text{3,5-}t\text{Bu}_2\text{-2,6-(EtO)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}]_3$ (**1**; C gray, O blue) was considerably optimized, and the product was investigated by X-ray analysis and EPR spectroscopy. The results were compared with DFT-MO studies for the model compound $\cdot\text{Ge}[\text{2,6-(MeO)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3]$.

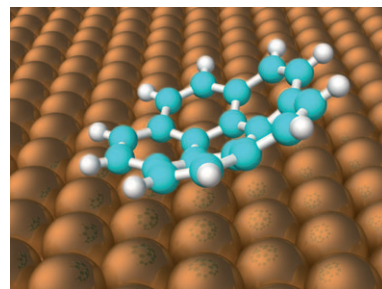
Polymorphism

L. Merz, M. Parschau, L. Zoppi,
K. K. Baldridge, J. S. Siegel
K.-H. Ernst* — 1966 – 1969



Reversible Phase Transitions in a
Buckybowl Monolayer

Like penguins on ice, buckybowl molecules move closer together when cooled on a copper surface (see model of a corannulene molecule adsorbed on Cu-(111)). Upon heating, the molecules spread out into the original crystal phase again. The lower density at room temperature can be explained by the increase in entropy owing to the excitation of bowl vibrations at the surface.



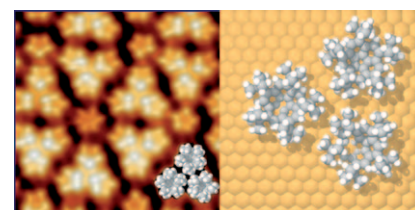
Corannulene Derivatives

O. Guillermet, E. Niemi, S. Nagarajan,
X. Bouju, D. Martrou, A. Gourdon,
S. Gauthier* — 1970 – 1973



Self-Assembly of Fivefold-Symmetric
Molecules on a Threefold-Symmetric
Surface

Buckybowls: The adsorption of penta-*tert*-butylcorannulene, a molecule with fivefold symmetry, on Cu(111), a surface with threefold symmetry, is investigated by scanning tunneling microscopy complemented by structure calculations. The symmetry mismatch is resolved by the formation of threefold-symmetric subunits consisting of three molecules, which combine with single molecules to form a nearly perfect filling of the plane (see picture).

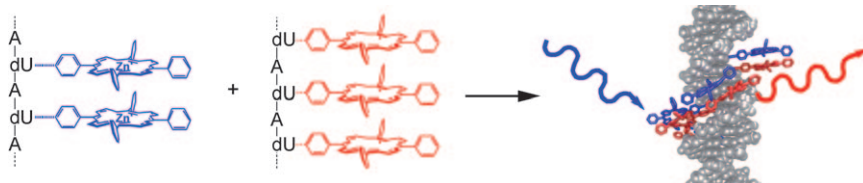


DNA Structures

TN. Nguyen, A. Brewer,
E. Stulz* — 1974 – 1977

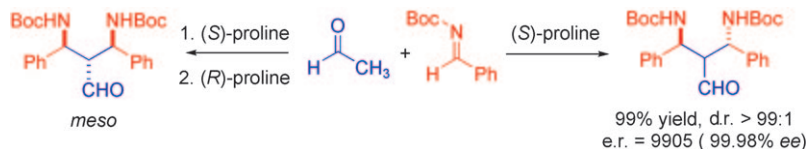


Duplex Stabilization and Energy Transfer
in Zipper Porphyrin–DNA



Zip it up: Attachment of porphyrins onto complementary DNA strands leads to zipper-porphyrin arrays and, in the presence of eleven modifications, an increase in the melting temperature of the duplex. Mixed zinc and free-base porphyrin arrays

undergo energy transfer from the zinc porphyrin to the free-base porphyrin in the annealed duplex but not in the denatured form (see scheme), giving access to reversible formation of potential photonic wires.



Double-cross: Proline catalyzes the double Mannich reaction of acetaldehyde with *N*-Boc imines in excellent yields (up to 99%; Boc = *tert*-butoxycarbonyl) and close to perfect diastereo- and enantioselectivities. Depending on the choice of

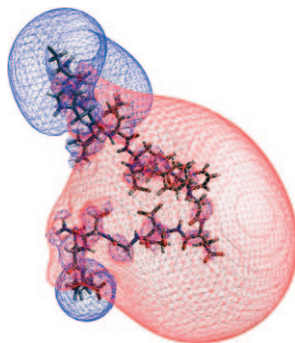
catalysts, both the chiral, pseudo- C_2 -symmetric diastereomer and the corresponding *meso* compound can be prepared. Cross double Mannich reactions of acetaldehyde with two different imines are also demonstrated.

Organocatalysis

C. Chandler, P. Galzerano, A. Michrowska, B. List* 1978–1980

The Proline-Catalyzed Double Mannich Reaction of Acetaldehyde with *N*-Boc Imines

A rationally designed oligomerization inhibitor interacts with early intermediate assemblies of amyloid- β polypeptide ($A\beta$) through the aromatic elements and inhibits their assembly into the toxic oligomers that cause Alzheimer's disease by a unique C^α -methylation β -breakage strategy. The electrostatic potential of the low-energy conformation of the dipeptide inhibitor bound to $A\beta$ is shown.

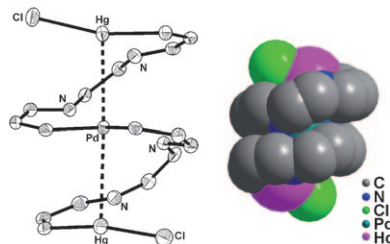


Peptide–Peptide Interactions

A. Frydman-Marom, M. Rechter, I. Shefler, Y. Bram, D. E. Shalev, E. Gazit* 1981–1986

Cognitive-Performance Recovery of Alzheimer's Disease Model Mice by Modulation of Early Soluble Amyloid Assemblies

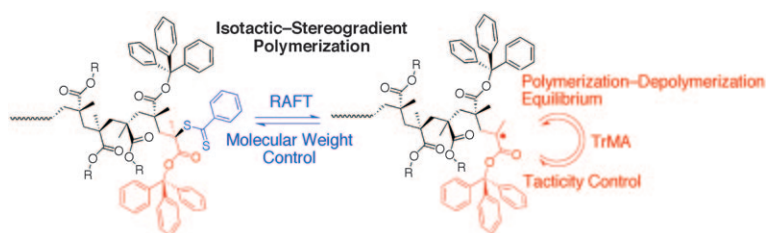
All wrapped up: The reaction of a 22-membered macrocycle derived from bis-(*o*-formylphenyl)mercury and 1,2-phenylenediamine with palladium(II) results in cleavage of the macrocycle and concomitant formation of a trimetallic complex (see picture; phenyl rings truncated for clarity). The nature of the $Hg^{II} \cdots Pd^{II} \cdots Hg^{II}$ interaction was investigated by theoretical studies.



Metallamacrocycles

S. Sharma, R. S. Baligar, H. B. Singh,* R. J. Butcher 1987–1990

Reaction of a Metallamacrocycle Leading to a Mercury(II)···Palladium(II)···Mercury(II) Interaction



Life RAFT: A bulky methacrylate monomer, triphenylmethyl methacrylate (TrMA), was polymerized with reversible addition–fragmentation chain transfer (RAFT) agents. Stereogradient polymers in which the isospecificity increased

spontaneously as the monomer concentration decreased were formed by a polymerization–depolymerization equilibrium that can convert a less stable growing polymer terminal into a more stable form (see picture).

Polymerization

K. Ishitake, K. Satoh, M. Kamigaito,* Y. Okamoto 1991–1994

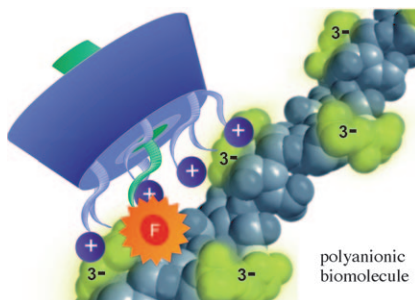
Stereogradient Polymers Formed by Controlled/Living Radical Polymerization of Bulky Methacrylate Monomers

Supramolecular Probes

R. B. C. Jagt, R. F. Gómez-Biagi,
M. Nitz* — 1995 – 1997



Pattern-Based Recognition of Heparin Contaminants by an Array of Self-Assembling Fluorescent Receptors



Tracking down potential killers: Strong host–guest interactions enable the facile combination of polycationic cyclodextrin binding motifs (blue) with fluorescent reporters (orange) tethered to a hydrophobic guest molecule (dark green). An array of supramolecular fluorescent receptors prepared by this modular approach was used for the pattern-based recognition of negatively charged contaminants in the anticoagulant drug heparin.

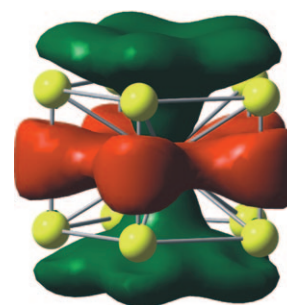
Cluster Compounds

J.-Q. Wang, S. Stegmaier,
T. F. Fässler* — 1998 – 2002



[Co@Ge₁₀]³⁻: An Intermetalloid Cluster with Archimedean Pentagonal Prismatic Structure

Inorganic pentaprismane: The unusual structure of the anion [Co@Ge₁₀]³⁻, which was obtained by the reaction of K₄Ge₉ with [Co(C₈H₁₂)(C₈H₁₃)] in ethylenediamine, raises questions about chemical bonding in the anion. The Zintl ion cluster has virtual D_{5h} symmetry and is a unique example of a ligand-free cluster that is not a deltahedron. The delocalized chemical bonding is represented in the picture by one of the bonding orbitals of the anion.

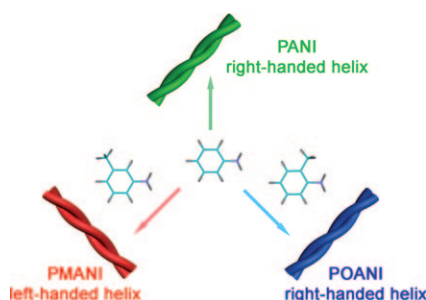


Chiral Polymers

Y. Yan, K. Deng, Z. Yu,
Z. Wei* — 2003 – 2006



Tuning the Supramolecular Chirality of Polyaniline by Methyl Substitution



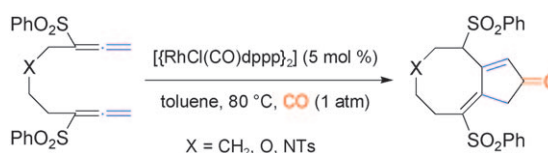
A game of Twister: The induced helicity of polyaniline and its supramolecular structures could be tuned by the methyl substitution of one of the monomers. By copolymerization of aniline with *m*-toluidine, the helicity of copolymer (PMANI) nanofibers was totally inverted compared to that of polyaniline (PANI), while copolymer nanofibers with *o*-toluidine (POANI) had the same helicity as that of polyaniline (see picture).

Cyclization

F. Inagaki, S. Narita, T. Hasegawa,
S. Kitagaki, C. Mukai* — 2007 – 2011

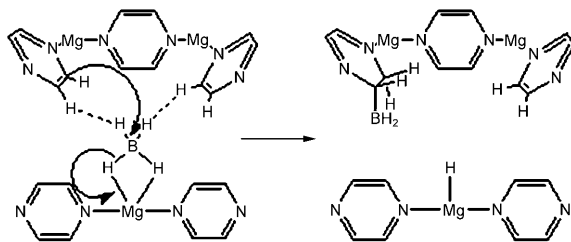


Rhodium(I)-Catalyzed Intramolecular Carbonylative [2+2+1] Cycloaddition of Bis(allene)s: Bicyclo[6.3.0]undecadienones and Bicyclo[5.3.0]decadienones



No templates needed: The title reaction makes it easy to construct the bicyclo[6.3.0]undecadienone framework in high yields (see scheme). A template effect is not required to achieve this ring-closing

reaction efficiently. The present method can be applied to the construction of bicyclo[5.3.0] and bicyclo[4.3.0] ring systems. Ts = *p*-toluenesulfonyl.



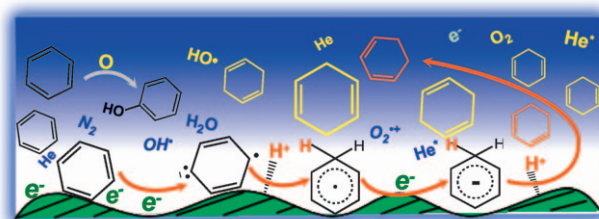
In close quarters: When confined in a metal–organic framework, magnesium borohydride reacts with arenes by a hydroboration pathway (see scheme), in contrast to its reactivity under analogous

homogeneous solution-phase conditions. Framework-imposed organization of the reactive groups is required, which is achieved by a combination of the metal coordination and two hydrogen bonds.

Metal–Organic Frameworks

M. J. Ingleson, J. P. Barrio, J. Bacsá,
A. Steiner, G. R. Darling,
J. T. A. Jones, Y. Z. Khimyak,
M. J. Rosseinsky* — 2012–2016

Magnesium Borohydride Confined in a Metal–Organic Framework:
A Preorganized System for Facile Arene Hydroboration



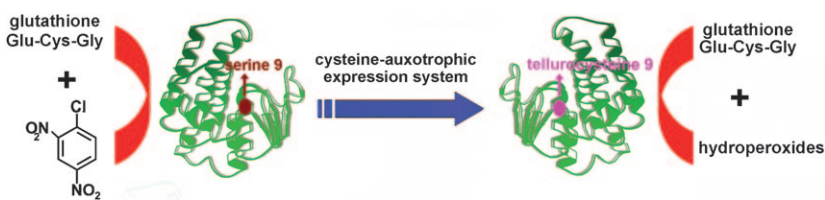
Selective and specific dihydrogenation of benzene and other arenes has been observed in a low-temperature helium plasma. A surface Birch reduction mechanism has been proposed in which benzene molecules adsorbed on the dis-

charge surface capture low-energy surface-adsorbed electrons and subsequently undergo protonation (see picture). Gas-phase oxidation processes accompany the reduction reaction.

Surface Reactions

N. Na, Y. Xia, Z. Zhu, X. Zhang,*
R. G. Cooks* — 2017–2019

Birch Reduction of Benzene in a Low-Temperature Plasma



A rival to native peroxidase! An existing binding site for glutathione was combined with the catalytic residue tellurocysteine by using an auxotrophic expression system to create an engineered enzyme that functions as a glutathione peroxidase

from the scaffold of a glutathione transferase (see picture). The catalytic activity of the telluroenzyme in the reduction of hydroperoxides by glutathione is comparable to that of native glutathione peroxidase.

Enzyme Design

X. Liu, L. A. Silks, C. Liu,
M. Ollivault-Shiflett, X. Huang, J. Li,
G. Luo, Y.-M. Hou, J. Liu,*
J. Shen — 2020–2023

Incorporation of Tellurocysteine into Glutathione Transferase Generates High Glutathione Peroxidase Efficiency

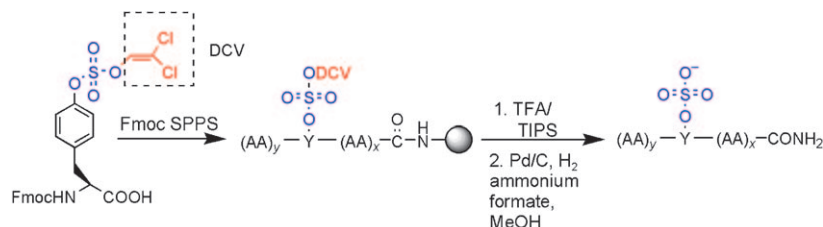


Peptide Synthesis

A. M. Ali, S. D. Taylor* — 2024 – 2026



Efficient Solid-Phase Synthesis of Sulfotyrosine Peptides using a Sulfate Protecting-Group Strategy



Double protection: Efficient Fmoc-based solid-phase synthesis (SPPS) of sulfotyrosine (sY) peptides is achieved by incorporating the sY residue(s) as a dichlorovinyl-protected (DCV) sulfodiester(s) and

using 2-methylpiperidine for Fmoc removal. After removal of the other protecting groups, the DCV group could be cleaved by mild hydrogenolysis giving the sY peptides in good yield.

Gallium Chemistry (1)

Z. Zhu, X. Wang, M. M. Olmstead, P. P. Power* — 2027 – 2030



Synthesis and Characterization of $[\text{Ar}'\text{GaC}(\text{Ph})\text{CH}]_2$ and $\text{K}_2[\text{Ar}'\text{GaC}(\text{Ph})\text{CH}]_2 \cdot \text{OEt}_2$: From Digallene to Digallacyclohexadiene to Digallatabenzene



On a plane: Addition of PhCCH to $\text{Ar}'\text{GaGaAr}'$ ($\text{Ar}' = 2,6\text{-}(2,6\text{-iPr}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3)_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3$) yielded the 1,4-digallacyclohexadiene $[\text{Ar}'\text{GaC}(\text{Ph})\text{CH}]_2$ (1), which afforded the 1,4-digallatabenzene dianion

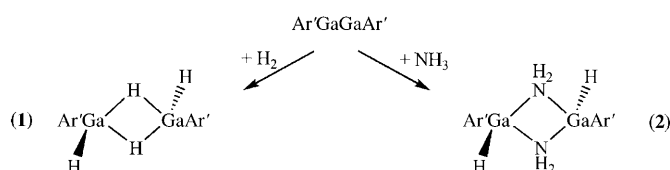
$[\text{Ar}'\text{GaC}(\text{Ph})\text{CH}]_2^{2-}$ (2) upon reduction with potassium (see scheme; C gray, Ga green, K blue). Structural parameters, DFT calculations, and ^1H NMR spectroscopy support aromatic character of 2.

Gallium Chemistry (2)

Z. L. Zhu, X. Wang, Y. Peng, H. Lei, J. C. Fetting, E. Rivard, P. P. Power* — 2031 – 2034



Addition of Hydrogen or Ammonia to a Low-Valent Group 13 Metal Species at 25 °C and 1 Atmosphere



Mild-mannered: The low-valent aryl gallium(I) species $\text{:GaAr}'$ ($\text{Ar}' = 2,6\text{-}(2,6\text{-iPr}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3)_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3$) undergoes addition to H_2 or NH_3 at room temperature and one

atmosphere of pressure to afford 1 or 2 (see scheme), which were characterized by X-ray crystallography and NMR and IR spectroscopy.

Hybrid Polyoxometalates

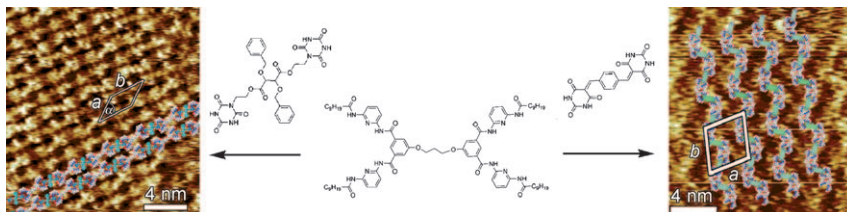
J. Li, I. Huth, L.-M. Chamoreau, B. Hasenknopf,* E. Lacôte,* S. Thorimbert,* M. Malacria — 2035 – 2038



Insertion of Amides into a Polyoxometalate



POM alert: The incorporation of an amide oxygen atom into the framework of the Dawson-type polyoxometalate (POM) cluster $[\text{P}_2\text{V}_3\text{W}_{15}\text{O}_{62}]^{9-}$ (see picture) allows the communication of electronic effects between the organic and the inorganic parts of the molecule, including fine-tuning of the redox properties of the entire hybrid POM by the organic components, and transmission of the POM's electron-attracting properties to the organic moiety.



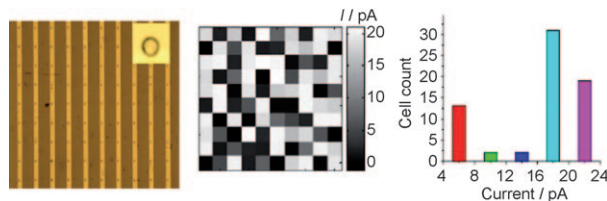
Bicomponent supramolecular polymers, consisting of two alternating molecules bridged through six H-bonds, are observed by STM at the solid–liquid interface. Control of the geometry of the

1D architecture was obtained by using two different connecting molecules with different conformational rigidity, affording either linear (see picture, left) or zigzag (right) motifs.

Supramolecular Polymers

A. Ciesielski, G. Schaeffer, A. Petitjean, J.-M. Lehn,* P. Samori* — 2039–2043

STM Insight into Hydrogen-Bonded Bicomponent 1D Supramolecular Polymers with Controlled Geometries at the Liquid–Solid Interface



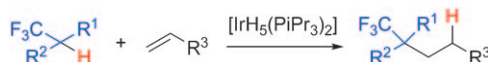
To each his own: An addressable electrochemical device consisting of orthogonally arranged rows and columns of electrodes has been constructed to monitor protein expression in genetically engineered cells at the single-cell level.

The response based on redox cycling reflected the different expression levels of the enzyme from individual HeLa cells transfected with a plasmid vector including secreted alkaline phosphatase.

Single-Cell Analysis

Z. Lin, Y. Takahashi, T. Murata, M. Takeda, K. Ino, H. Shiku, T. Matsue* — 2044–2046

Electrochemical Gene-Function Analysis for Single Cells with Addressable Microelectrode/Microwell Arrays



Catalytic convenience: The use of iridium or ruthenium catalysts for $\text{C}_{\text{sp}^3}\text{--H}$ bond activation has led to the addition reaction of trifluoromethylated compounds to alkenes (see scheme). This atom-economical

reaction occurs under neutral reaction conditions and without the formation of undesired defluorinated by-products, even at high temperature.

C–H Activation

Y. Guo, X. Zhao, D. Zhang, S.-I. Murahashi* — 2047–2049

Iridium-Catalyzed Reactions of Trifluoromethylated Compounds with Alkenes: A $\text{C}_{\text{sp}^3}\text{--H}$ Bond Activation α to the Trifluoromethyl Group



Supporting information is available on www.angewandte.org (see article for access details).



A video clip is available as Supporting Information on www.angewandte.org (see article for access details).

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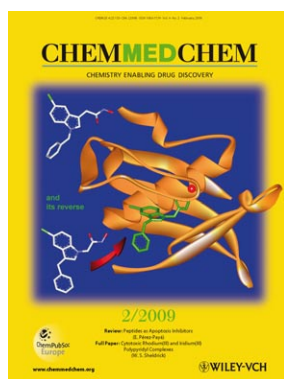
Preview — 2053

The issues for February 2009 appeared online on the following dates:
Issue 7: January 28 · Issue 8: February 2 · Issue 9: February 10 · Issue 10: February 17

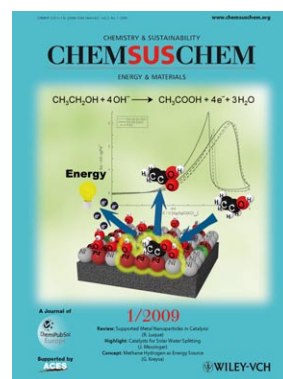
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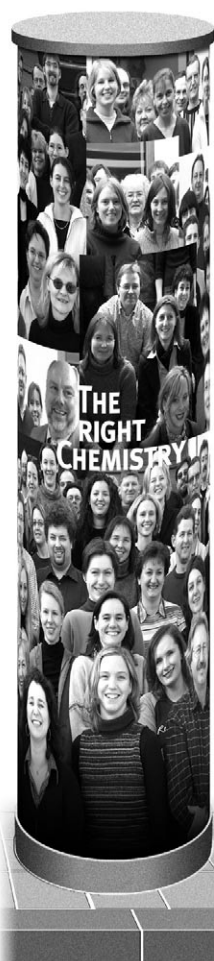
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Applicants for this position should have a broad interest in chemistry, be self-motivated, have excellent organizational and communication skills (written and verbal), be diplomatic, flexible, familiar with text and graphics computer applications, and have an excellent command of the English language. Fluency in German and previous publishing experience would be advantageous.

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